

DEMOCRATS LINE UP WITH GOV. WHITMAN IN FOOD BILL FIGHT

Brown Measure Denounced for "Red Tape" Features—Real Control Demanded.

Democratic members of the Legislature will oppose the Brown food control bill prepared by the Republican majority. In this position they will be practically aligned with Gov. Whitman.

The Governor's friends appealing to the people to support him in demanding legislation that will give relief from the extortion and profiteering of speculators and food manipulators. Senator Robert F. Wagner, leader of the Democratic majority, said today to The Evening World:

"The public will be greatly disappointed and strongly resentful when they see how little relief there is in the Brown bill. It contains many words, but no teeth. It pretends to give broad powers, but leaves the hands of the State Food Commissioner with so much red tape and so many restrictions that nothing effective can be done."

"Nominally, municipalities are empowered to buy and sell food, but in reality, the people would be starving before all the qualifying clauses and red tape methods could be observed."

"The Democratic members have no patience with such a measure. We demand something definite, some effective in food control."

"The four important elements that must go in a food bill so that it will actually reduce the cost of necessities have been well stated by The Evening World:

- "1. Strict storage supervision.
- "2. Terminal markets.
- "3. Municipal milk depots.
- "4. Power of Commission to buy and sell common necessities of life."

CITES RED TAPE FEATURE OF THE BROWN BILL.

"In the Brown bill there is no power that can be exercised at any crucial time except after securing consents of other officials, which would mean endless delay and continuous hardship to the people."

"The high cost of food has grown intolerable. We are sick to death of investigations granting powers only with a string attachment—a string of red tape."

"What we want is a sure and definite hold of the situation. This is a war measure which requires expediency and freedom of action of properly constituted authorities. It is no

time for compromise and investigation. Certainly should any part of it prove of detriment to the people, there is the Legislature with supreme power to modify or suspend its action at any time."

Senator Wagner then quoted as an example of the Brown bill the following red tape provision:

"Section 11. Any municipality in this State may, in case of famine or when deprivation of necessities for any part of its inhabitants creates an emergency, purchase food with municipal funds or on municipal credit, and sell the same to its inhabitants; but before the exercise of any such power or authority by any municipality it shall have the consent in writing from the State Food Commissioner to exercise such power."

"The Mayor, if any, and the governing body of any municipality shall file with the State Food Commissioner a constitution and certificate stating that such a municipality has arisen in said municipality, and otherwise satisfy the State Food Commissioner that it is a bona fide municipality."

MINORITY REPORT PREPARED BY SENATOR COTILLO.

Senator M. A. Cotillo, minority member of the War Food Committee, also believes the prospective measure lacks force and issued a minority report insisting that the following five provisions be incorporated in legislation at this time:

"The commission should provide for terminal markets and food storage plants in order that the consumer may more readily obtain his food at a lower price."

"Large Canada Terminal service should be improved without delay in order that the manufacturers and other shipping interests of this country may be able to take advantage of the cheaper freight rates which will be available with the opening of the State Barge Canal in the summer of 1918, and that the commission should be empowered to expedite the preparation of maps and the letting of contracts for such large canal improvements."

"Food Commission should immediately regulate the size, weight and price of a loaf of bread and fix the maximum price of milk, eggs, coal, oil and meat."

"The commission should have unlimited power to purchase all other necessities of life and provide proper means of distribution to the consumer should the emergency arise."

"The commission should have the power to purchase or establish proper pasteurization plants in order to reduce the cost of milk."

"If I think that the above powers," said Senator Cotillo, "should be specifically incorporated in the bill in order to relieve the food crisis, and we shall see that the producer is not cheated as well as the consumer. Still I feel that the commercial field in this country is vast enough, and that the real necessities of life should not be the subject of speculation, and the State should act as agent, if necessary, in order to give its people the protection they deserve."

MEASURE CRITICIZED BY MAYOR'S FOOD AID COMMITTEE.

The Food Aid Committee of the Mayor's Food Commission met today in the City Hall to discuss the Brown bill.

Miss Sophie Irene Loeb of The Evening World staff, who organized the "Housewives' Protective Association," spoke on the food situation. She said the national food bill would not protect States against the plots of food speculators, and criticized the Brown bill as ineffective, because it applied only to famine conditions and was hedged in with too much red tape. She urged the committee to demand more effective legislation.

George W. Perkins, who presided, advocated competition between the city and the food speculators in the sale of food during times like the present.

It was decided that the Brown bill is little better than the former Wickes bill.

Fifty men and women who attended the meeting agreed to go to Albany tomorrow and back up Gov. Whitman in his food legislation.

To Honor Alan Seeger in France With Statue.

PABIS, Aug. 6.—A statue will be erected in memory of Alan Seeger, the young American poet, who was killed on July 4, 1915, while fighting for France with the Foreign Legion, it is announced by the Figaro.

Making Summer Home Work for Country Is a City Woman's Patriotic Way of Adding to the Nation's Food Supply

Head of Largest Woman's Club in New York, the Theatre Assembly, Has Become a Scientific Farmer, With Five Results—She Ploughed Up Her Beautiful and Expensive Lawn on Lake Onondaga and Now Has a Farm That Is a Country Show Place—Mrs. Marks Finds Farming for Women Healthful, Fascinating and Satisfying.

Marguerite Mooers Marshall.

PUTTING her summer home to work for her country is the work of patriotic service chosen by Mrs. J. Christopher Marks, President of the Theatre Assembly, the largest woman's club in New York.

The result is three acres of the finest potatoes in Onondaga County.

four acres of beans, several acres of buckwheat, a large crop of onions and a big garden of tomatoes, sweet corn and other vegetables at Mrs. Marks's holiday home, Pleasant View, in West Vienna, N. Y., on the shores of Onondaga Lake. The potatoes are growing in what was a beautiful green lawn, sloping from the house to the shore of the lake. "The thing of beauty sometimes is a waste," Mrs. Marks explains succinctly.

This accomplishment is one woman's concrete answer to the Nation's need for more food. Mrs. Marks is an exceedingly busy person; her club last spring presented a check for \$6,000 to Daniel Frohman, President of the Actors' Fund of America.

In view of the fact that so many women are now turning to agriculture, I thought it would be interesting to hear how Mrs. Marks found time, energy and skill for her pioneer farm work. So I asked her about it.

"My work on the farm began with a smile," she explained with a laugh. "All through the winter months, when I could get a little time between club meetings and social events, I was busy studying how to get the most out of idle acreage at our summer home. I am very patriotic and much interested in the war, and made up my mind to take care of the land on the farm. While beautiful, it was a waste when food was so badly needed."

"I went about my work in the farm line much as I do everything else—in a scientific businesslike way. At the same time that I was managing some of the largest dances and concerts given in Hotel Astor last season I was buying phosphate, seeds, &c., by the ton."

"AFTER studying carefully the needs of food for the country for the coming year, I made a hurried trip of 300 miles from New York on May 1 to the farm, to spend one day going over the land with the superintendent, staking out where potatoes were to be planted, beans, buckwheat, family garden, &c. When I ordered the beautiful slope of green on the shore of the lake ploughed and made ready for potatoes, it is needless to say my command to break up so beautiful a lawn was met with great disgust. But my orders were obeyed, and to-day the three acres of potatoes are the pride of every farmer about here. Without doubt this potato land will not only serve as a benefit for food, but will net a splendid profit above expenses."

"I had read of the great scarcity of seeds and the high price paid per bushel, so I ordered one acre put under cultivation for beans, which, at the present time, look most promising. I also have a lot of land producing onions, which are in excellent condition, besides a few acres of buckwheat. I have a splendid family



MRS. J. CHRISTOPHER MARKS.

garden with plenty of tomato plants and sweet corn, and the potatoes are so named at our neighboring canning factory for our winter supply.

"The cultivation of our land has given work for the season to six or seven good men with families who live in this country place. I always pay their wages every Saturday night, the same as if they were working in a business house. I have had no trouble in getting help or in keeping it. My husband has congratulated me on everything that I have undertaken and wishes with much pride my management of the farm."

"Do you think farming is a desirable occupation for women?" I asked.

"Farming is one of the easiest and pleasantest occupations for a woman, provided she takes it up scientifically," replied Mrs. Marks. "She will be sure to fail if she is an old-fashioned farmer with a few hens, a little hay, oats and the same planting every year. Keep up-to-date. It is your business to know what the country needs most before putting in your crops—and what will be most sellable. Don't plant a little corn in the same old place—and in the same old way—simply because generations have done so before you. Specialize. Decide what to raise each year, and then don't be satisfied to plant until you have studied how to care for the crop, so as to bring forth the greatest production."

"In farming, the woman must be the same food sort that she is in housekeeping. When her cake fails, she bakes another. When the cows put the corn, she does not get discouraged and give up, but bustle and plant it over; then use all precautions to keep them off. When it rains day after day and rots and wastes out seeds, busy farmers gather in the village store, put their feet on the stove and smoke, while they find fault with the weather and say it's too late or too much trouble to plant over again. The energetic woman farmer will spend her time arranging to put in the second planting as soon as the weather permits. I find farming most healthful, fascinating and, above all, satisfying," ended Mrs. Marks.

Two more killed in the uprising against the draft.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., Aug. 6.—The centre of the uprising of armed bands of objectors to the Selective Draft which for nearly a week has spread terror through four central southern Oklahoma counties, changed today from Seminole County to Hughes County, where two men were killed and two were injured last night.

Shortly before midnight Ed. Daylight, an objector, was shot to death near Holdenville and two members of the posse which his band encountered were wounded. Later J. F. Moore of Okemah was shot and killed as he drove a motor car toward Holdenville. He apparently was unaware of conditions that had resulted in a number of armed citizens being thrown around the town. He was killed when he did not heed or hear an order to stop. More than 200 members of the various bands—mostly of the poor tenant farming class, with a number of

RUSSIAN TROOPS AGAIN FIGHTING AS KERENSKY WINS

Premier Forms His Cabinet and Internal Crisis Has Apparently Passed.

BERLIN (via London) Aug. 6.—"The Russians have prepared for battle between the Institute and the Death House," the War Office stated today.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 6.—With power as great as any Russian ever held, Premier Kerensky today announced his resignation as Premier and virtual dictator. He has declared, in a manifesto to the public, withdrawing his resignation, that when the country is threatened with defeat from without and disintegration from within he cannot refuse to serve. At the same time, he announced he will rule with an iron hand until victory is crushed.

Kerensky's decision to retain office with dictatorial power followed the action of the joint meeting of the executive of the Workmen's and Soldiers' and Peasants' Councils, who voted, 147 to 46, continued confidence in his policies. This action was ratified by the Duma Committee. The executive declared the conviction that the decision to be reached to prevent Russian disintegration.

The meeting which declared Kerensky dictator, was participated in by the Maximilians, who strongly protested against the action, 42 of them refraining from voting.

M. Kerensky's Cabinet is practically complete. The Constitutional Democrats have agreed to participate and the list of members who will form the new Ministry has been agreed on, but as regards several portfolios the choice is not definite as the candidates are absent from Petrograd. Following are the names of the new Ministers:

Premier, Minister of War and Marine, Alexander F. Kerensky. Vice Premier and Minister of Finance, N. V. Nekrasov.

Minister of Foreign Affairs, M. I. Tseretzkis. Minister of Interior, M. Akseioff (Social Revolutionary, lately released from penal servitude).

Minister of Public Instruction, M. Glikberg (Constitutional Democrat and member of the Academy of Sciences). Minister of Labor, M. Skobelev. Minister of Trade and Industry, M. Prokopyevich. Minister of Social Tutelage, M. Astroff (Mayor of Moscow, Constitutional Democrat).

Three men in all have been killed in the four days of guerrilla warfare in which hundreds of armed men have stalked each other through the rough and timbered country. Wallace Cargill, an aged leader of the objectors, was killed Friday.

HOLDENVILLE, Okla., Aug. 5.—A band of twenty-six men, alleged members of the working class union, a draft resisters' organization, were reported surrounded by officers in the brush eight miles south of here today.

Those men arrived this morning from Muskogee, bringing with them twenty prisoners.

Will Ask Death Penalty for the Resisters.

MUSKOGEE, Okla., Aug. 6.—United States District Attorney W. F. McGinnis announced this afternoon that the men arrested on charges of resisting the draft in connection with the Oklahoma uprising, will be tried for treason and that the death penalty will be asked by the government.

District Attorney McGinnis has sent two Deputy Attorneys to the infested districts of the State to gather evidence.

1,000 Puddlers Quit Work on Federal War Contracts.

READING, Pa., Aug. 6.—Asking an advance from \$7.75 to \$11.50 in the ton rate, more than 1,000 puddlers employed by the Reading Iron Company today remained away from work. The company's three plants are idle. A compromise offer of \$10.25 was rejected by the men. A Government order is expected here from Washington, the company having large orders to fill for Federal war supplies.

United States Minister of Supplies, M. F. French. Minister of Justice, M. Tseretzkis. Minister of the Navy, M. Kerensky. Minister of Communications, M. Tseretzkis. Minister of Posts and Telegraphs, M. Kerensky. Minister of Public Instruction, M. Glikberg. Minister of Agriculture, M. Tseretzkis. Minister of War, M. Kerensky. Assistant Minister of War, M. Kerensky. Foreign Minister, Tseretzkis.



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"No, Sir! NO, Sir! No more hot irons can press my trousers—that scorching heat shrivels the life out of the cloth, while the damp steam rots the fabric."

"Here's a Valet that lives in my closet, presses my trousers by the heatless method Free of Charge."

LEAHEY'S HEATLESS Trousers Press

—presses your trousers by automatic heatless method that removes baggy knees, smoothes away wrinkles and gives a knife-like crease from belt to boot. A Presser, a Creaser, a Stretcher and a Hanger that keeps them always protected from dirt and moth, all combined in one.

No Operating Expense—First Cost the Last Cost. \$1.00 now pays for pressing bills all your life. It is the greatest money-saving time.

A Personal Valet Service for 1 Cent a Month

Gives you that prosperous look. No more hot irons that shorten the life of your trousers by burning the life out of the fabric if you use Leahey's HEATLESS TROUSERS PRESS. You will be surprised at the effect on others and on yourself. Remember the shoddy man gets the shoddy job.

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Two clasp Silk Gloves with double finger tips; all White or Black, also White or Black with contrasting color embroidery.

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Women's Glove Silk Envelope Chemises; plain or lace trimmed.....3.50 regularly 4.25

Women's Glove Silk Envelope Chemises with lace trimmed yokes.....1.95 regularly 2.95

Women's Ribbed Lisle Vests,—low neck and sleeveless; regular and extra sizes. 35c regularly 50c

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Unusual Offering

1200 BOYS' WASHABLE SUITS

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A special purchase of a sample line of high grade Washable Suits. Every Suit new this season; made of durable materials that are guaranteed absolutely fast color; a large assortment of pretty combinations and plain colors, also all White; long and short sleeves; size 2½ to 7 years.

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None on approval—None credited—None C. O. D.

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